WHEELING, WEST VA., SATURDAY MORNING, JANUARY 17, 1880.

VOLUME XXVIII.—NUMBER 124.

# The Intelligencer.

THE Washington dispatches of the Cincinnati Commercial say that the pay of the A Day's Work that will Cause Seri-Census Supervisors is to be only \$500 for

the job, and not \$1,000. THE Nation says: "It is safe to predict The Rump-Legislature Elect Goverthat between now and June all the diffi-culties in the way of General Grant's nomisation will increase rather than diminish

1876, in a kind of collapse. WASHINGTON correspondents differ as to whether the deficiency appropriation bill Sworn in and Delivers His Message for United States Marshals will contain the objectionable clause which insured the The Voice of the Supreme Court seto last year or not. The New York Brookl correspondent thinks it will.

Ex-UNITED STATES SENATOR NORWOOD, of Commanding the Fusionists to Sub-North Carolina, believes that Horatio Sey mour would be the most available Demo cratic candidate for President, because h would have the support of a class of ultra Democratic voters who, the ex-Senator thinks, have not voted since the war.

THE bill introduced into the Ohio Legis lature, reapportioning the Congressional districts of that State, restores to the Six teenth district the counties included in it two years ago, viz: Belmont, Jefferson, Harrison, Guernsey and Noble. The Serenteenth district will comprise the counties of Carroll, Columbiana, Stark Meeting of the Republican State Commit

The members of this committee will meet in this city to-day at 2 P. M., for the purpose of determining the time and place of holding the next State convention. The numbers of the committee are J. T, Hoke, of Mineral county, D. H. Willard, of logan and A. W. Campbell, of Ohio county. A vacancy exists in the commit ze, caused by the resignation of C. C. Cole, formerly of Wood county, now o Washington City, which will be filled to-

this morning, when the intelligence came fashingover the wires that order reigned a pending for two days, against the gentle men arrested for disturbing Mr. Page's ing by the court requiring them to give onds to keep peace against all the world

their fortifications at Forman's Hawk's Nest Hotel, this morning. Gentle peace now spreads her wings all over the mine and mountain tops, where grim visage war has been threatening to hold high tamage and sanguinary revel for some J. G. B.

### FOREIGN NEWS. THE PESTH RIOTS.

LONDON, January 16 .- The rioting was recewed in Peath last evening on the most formidable scale. The gas lamps in the freet in front of the Casino club were broken, and shots from revolvers were fred at the police. One policeman was wounded. Twenty-one of the rioters have endent writes that the last and

denounce the authors of the tumult. The students who participated in the domon-stration the first day have published a declaration disclaiming any connection

charation distances it is extremely according to the fact the fatal shots, but the elici is they proceeded from the rioters between the fatal shots, but the elici is they proceeded from the rioters between the fatal shots, and order the standard the st

# TROUBLE BETWEEN RUSSIAN AND PRESSIAN SOLDIERS.

Beelix, January 16.—The reports of a disagreeable affair between Russian and Prussian officers at Kallseke, Poland, are fally confirmed, and elicit strong comments in the military circles. The Russians became so excited they actually drew words on their guests, and bloodshed was only prevented by the intervention of the Russian Colonel, who conducted the Prussians to the funsian Colonel, who conducted the Prassians to his own quarters and ordered at except of thirty hussars to conduct them to the frontier, as he feared the Resistancticers would lay in ambuscade for them. Profuse apologies will doubtless be made at St. Petersburg; but the affair illustrates the feeling prevalent in official newspapers. The Post says has accurred shows the sentiment Rassian army regarding Germany, and which in view of the army influence or the Russian polity, will sooner or later, ac-ording to opportunity, be translated into actions.

Dublin, January 16.—The relief fund in stituted by the Duchess of Marlborough amounts to 19,000.

The police escorting the process servers at Cilmina, county Mayo, were severely accounty Mayo, were severely admin, county Mayo, were severely maircated last evening, and were obliged to retreat. Though they had rifles loaded and bayonets fixed, several police were carried their clothing torn, and the processes were captured by the mob.

St. Perensuend, January 16.-The in

Mason & Hammin Organs at Shelb's.

### THE IMPENDING CRISIS

Garcelon's Alleged Legislators Grind-

ous Trouble.

nor and State Officers.

institute the boom will end, as it ended in Alleged Governor Smith, "The Surprised Man.

Again Heard

mit to the Will of the People,

And Endorsing the Course of Republican Party.

Augusta, Mr., January 16.—Acting Governor Lamson to-day appointed a staff, which includes Major M. M. Folsom, Ad jutant General, and Chief of Staff, General Clark S. Edwards, of Bethel; Inspector General, Dr. Piper, of Thomaston; Surgeon General, Major J. W. Channing, of Col. J. W. Black, of Auburn, Aids; Maj. J. W. French, of Eastport, Military Secretary. II. M. Plaisted, of Bangor, was offered the position of Judge Advocate General, but declined. MILITARY ORDERED TO REPORT FOR DUTY

At five o'clock this morning the Richards Light Infantry, of Gardner, had orders to appear at their armory at 9 o'clock A. M. The men were gath-ing there early this morning. There was no disturbance at the State House last evening, and no one was admitted with-out a pass to-day.

The Boston Herald's Augusta special M. In the House the first business taken up was the report of the Committee on sionist, of Vassal county, entitled to a seat can. The report was accepted, but recon-

of Camden, wished a full explanation Mr. Dickey, from that committee stated

that no check list was used at the election; that one of the Assessors passed the ballot box out of doors to allow a sick man in a carriage to vote, and that there were sun-dry other reasons why the action was not

legal.

The motion to reconsider failed, and Mr. Murray was escorted to the Executive Chamber to take the oath. Murray's admission brings the number of the members of the House present up to seventy-seven according to a count of the tellers. The House voted to send the names of Joseph L. Smith and Alonzo Garcelon to the Senate. The number of votes was seventy-six.

The report of the Committee on Gubernatorail Votes having been read and accepted in the Senate it was sent to the House, where a similiar action was taken. Mr. Dickey, of Ft. Kent, moved to suspend the rules so that the House might ix a time for the choice of four candidates for Governor, to be sent up to be voted on by the Senate. The motion was carried and on motion of Mr. Springfield an order was adopted fixing the time at 11:15.

Mr. Ingalls, of Wiscasset, thought the action inadvisable so long as there was a doubt of the legality of the House. He believed such action ought to be deferred.

Mr. Plaisted, of Lincoin, took an opposite view. He reviewed the situation and believed that the time had come for immediate action. He male a severe at-tack on General Chamberlain for declin-

immediate action. He made a severe at tack on General Chamberlain for declining to recognize Lamson as acting Gover-nor, and held the General responsible for the present condition of affairs.

At the conclusion of Mr. Plaisted's remarks, which extended past the time set for the choice of candidates, and during which he declared himself resolved to stand by the legality of this House so long as a drop of blood remained in his veins, the sentiment was loudly applauded. Mr. McLaughlin, by general consent, nade a brief speech endorsing his views.

THE FUSIONISTS ELECT SMITH GOVERNOR Mr. Swan, of Minot, moved, and the the votes for the candidates to be sent to it refers to the blessings which have been the votes for the candidates to be sent to the Senate, and the Speaker appointed the committee, who at once proceeded to their duty. The names of Joseph i. Smith and Alonzo Garcelon were the only ones printed on the ballots, and the report of the committee showed that Smith and Garcelon had seventy-six votes. The announcement was greeted with applause, and the report of the committee was alonged. was adopted.
The Senate unanimously elected Smith

Governor, receiving eighteen votes.

CHAMBERLAIN REPORTED BOUNCED.

It is reported on good authority that an executive order has been prepared, relieving Gen. Chamberlain from his command. The order will be served this afternoon. The General has as yet no afternoon. The General intimation to that effect.

How suith was elected.
At 11:50 the House sent a message

the Senate informing it that Joseph L. Smith and Alonzo Garlelon had been selected. It was moved to receive the nessage and proceed to vote. Senator stickland remarked egally constituted body in his belief, but should the proposed action prove illegal ne wished it known that it would bind no one. He was in favor of a peaceful solution of the difficulty and not in favor of resist-A committee was appointed to receive,

sort and count the votes for Governor.

The vote resulted in an unanimous choice of Joseph L. Smith—18 votes being

military preparations relative to the alleged Rassian military preparations on the westtra fronter; and points out that only last becember Russia's love of peace caused for to reduce her army 30,000 below a pace footing. Further peace measures and a further reduction of the army, that fournal says, are contemplated.

APGHANISTAN.

CALCUTTA, January 16.—Five thousand Mahomounds who'crossed the Cahul river, loar Dakka, have been completely defeated, General Doran arrived from Lundi Ratal too late to cut off their retreat.

SMITH WILL DO NOTHING RASH.

uell, of Calais.

SMITH WILL DO NOTHING RASH. Although Joseph L. Smith has been

of General Chamberlain. He is not a rash man, and will see to it, that his position is fully sustained by the courts before pro-ceeding to action. He will await the decision of the courts on the questions before them, before taking a single step that will interfere with the orders of General Chamberlain. Mayor Smith will not be recognized as Governor by General Cham-

Another Augusta special to the Boston ature was a surprise to Smith, who in an lature was a surprise to Smith, who in an interview expressed his opinion that the election wouldn't take place to-day. He felt plainly the gravity of the situation. While he has ambition to be the Governor of Maine, he wants to be constitutionally chosen one, and will discountenance all precipitate actions, he evidently would have preferred to have had to-day's action postponed, at least until the court's decision was known.

THAT'S IT, "TOO MUCH TALK." He thought there was too much reckless talk by the hot-headed men, and that it is not all confined to one side. Some of those who were counseling resistance to the legal authority of the State, had little idea what they were saying. The general impression gathered from Mayor Smith's remarks, was that should he qualify to-day, he will not perform any executive acts that he can possibly avoid, before the court is heard from.

REEGULARITIES IN BALLOTING FOR THE

A curious fact came to light during the ballot in the convention for members of the Executive Counicl, being printed ballots with misspelled names of two candidates Fairfield; Dr. Horace Davis, of Biddeford, Edward C. Moody was called Edwin, and J. B. Redman's name was changed to Redmon. The errors were not discovered un

mon. The errors were not discovered until the committee had retired and counted the vote, but before they reported a new ballot was ordered. The whole number of votes cast for Councillors was 92, Edward C. Moody, of York; Charles H. Chase, of Portland; John B. Redman, of Ellsworth; Henry A. Priest, of Vassalboro; Wm. M. Rust, of Belfast; John B. Foster, of Bangor; and Charles R. Whidden, of Calais, each receiving ninety-two votes were declared elected. The convention then dissolved and at 1:30 both houses took a recess until 4 of clock. The caucus to nominate other State officers will be held at 2:30 this afternoon.

PERSONNEL OF THE COUNCIL ELECT. Moody, Chase and Foster were members of Gov. Garcelon's Council; Redman is a of Gov. Garcelon's Council; Redman is a young Elisworth lawyer and belongs to the Democratic wing of the party; Chase R. Whidden, whose age is about thirty, is editor of a greenback paper at Calais, and was formerly a Republican; Priest is a lawyer and a Greenbacker of Republican antecedents; Rust owned the Progressice Age, a Republican paper (in Waldo county, until last year, when he went into the greenback movement; he was formerly in the House and has held other offices. The others are new men who have not had experience at Augusta.

CHAMBERLAIN WILL PROTECT ALL ALIER

WHEREAS, The exciting rumors, which believe to be entirely without foundation, that are spread among the people party as against another, or is to be atpolitical party, to gain possession of it for the purpose of excluding members elect from the Legislative hall, this is to give assurance that the rights and privileges of all parties shall be protected with complete impartiality. The protected with complete impartiality. The halls are for the uses of the members elect of the Legislature, and shall be held inviolate for these uses. I give no credence to reports that either party would stoop to such a trick or be rash enough to use violence to determine questions of right; but to allay any doubt or fear of this, I hereby give my personal guarantee that

GOV. SMITH'S MESSAGE. conferred on the State by providence; plentiful harvesse rated among them. The duty of the is is islature is set forth as determined by the is islature is set forth and earnest endeavor to combinate the combination of the plentiful harvests and peace being enum ply with the will of the people, and to promote the welfare of the State. Taking that as a guide, he continues, so long as we do not seek to evade or oppose its evident requirements, or to exceed the power it has conferred, we cannot go astray, or at least be deprived of the consciousness of one an honest deveavor to subserve the best interests of our fellow citizens.

The charges of violence and intimidation in the various State elections I would refer to as matters that cause great anxiety in every patriotic breast. Even refer to as matters that cause great anxiety in every patriotic breast. Even in our own State there are like charges of a fraudulent and oppressive measure em-ployed to control the action of voters, supported by evidence teo strong and di-rect to admit of reasonable doubt that such is the lapmentable fact, and further that it is rectto admit of reasonable doubt that such is the lamentable fact, and further that it is too notorious to deny. Not content with the employment of such criminal methods as charged in our elections, there was devised and actually put in operation, a scheme to overawe and intimidate our was devised an actually part of season, a scheme to overawe and intimidate our late chief magistrate in the constitutional and legal discharge of the duties of his high office. The firm and dignified manner in which he and his counsellors, under abuse and indignities, heaped upon them discharged responsible duties in conformity with the constitution, laws and veceslents established by his predecessors. conformity with the constitution, laws and precedents established by his predecessors in office, is worthy of, and will receive, the highest encomium of all citizens who truly have the welfare of the State at heart. The practical denial of the free right of suffrage or undue indicance over the exercise of that right, whether effected by bribes, by actual or threatened personal violence, or by threats of withdrawal of employment, the processor is equally reprehensible. I nal or threatened personal violence, or who appears to claim his seat is primi facile to depart to the seat of the

Another joint convention was formed and the State officers chosen, as follows: P. A. Sawyer, Secretary of State; Charles A. White, Treasurer; W. H. McLellan, Attorney General; M. M. Folsom, Adju-tant General. Both branches adjourned to 9 o'clock

The examination of the alleged briber cases was continued to-day. Mr. Swan, of Minot, member of the House, repeated in greater details, the statements preinduce him to stay away from the House or resign his seat. Solon Chase corrol induce him to stay away from the frouse, or resign his seat. Solon Chase corroborated Swan's testimony in regard to the latter's interviews with him on the subject of transactions with White. Moses Harriman testified, and repeated in substance his statement and affidavit previously published. James O. White, member of the Legislature and cousin of W. R. White, testified as to letters advising him he had had better go home and not attend the Legislature and offering him \$1,000 to absent himself. He also detailed the method employed by Swan and himself to involve and expose his cousin.

Bartholomew Wentworth testified to attempts to bribe him by Chas. E. Richer, of North Berwick.

Albert Cushman, a member of the House, testified to efforts of his son and Llewellyn Powers to keep him away from the Legislature, telling him he could get more money than by attending the session. Noah Barker corroborated Cushman's testimony.

The Republican Senators and Represe atives will meet to-morrow afterno the State House, and should the opinion continue the work of legislation. Many the matter culminates and suspense is broken, and will participate with the Re-

To Major General Chamberlain

"I guarantee that the body which assembled in the House of Representatives Monday last and adjourned to 2 o'clock to-morrow, and the body which met in the Senate chamber and adjourned to the same time to-morrow, can meet at that time in their respective houses without intime in their respective to the terference from any party. "James D. Lamson."

Three companies of the militia are under orders from Chamberlain, but will not be brought to the city unless needed at the Capitol. The Guards of this city are ordered to appear at their Armory at 7 o'clock to-morrow morning. Dispatches o'clock to-morrow morning. Dispatches were received in this city this evening stating that the Superior Court had solidly sustained the Republicans in every position. Hundreds of Republicans are

document will be forwarded by the Supreme Judicial Court to-morrow morn-ing, addressed to Hon. Joseph A. Locke, President of the Senate, and Hon. George E. Weeks, Speaker of the House of Reptatives, Augusta, Me.: Bangon, Mr., January 16, 1880.

The undersigned, Justices of the Su-

House for the purpose of administering the oath of office. A committee was appointed to wait on the Governor, and forthwith Mr. Smith appeared, accompanied by the heads of departments, the outgoing Council and the Adjutant General. The oath was administered by acting President Ellis, of the Senate. A proclamation was made by the Secretary of State, and Governor Smith then delivered his message. required to expound and construct the provisions of the Constitution and statutes involved. It gave full answers to those questions. The opinion of the Court was thus obtained in one of the modes pro-vided in the Constitution for an authori-House ordered, that a committee of five be appointed to receive, sort and count of Gov. Smith's message. In the opening the conclusive guide of the Governor and Council in the performance of their min-isterial duties. Any action on their part determining the vote as it appears by the returns in violation of the provisions of the Constitution and law thus declared the Constitution and law thus declared is a usurpation of authority and must be held as void. It only remains to apply those principles to the subjects embraced in the questions propounded. The Governor and Council have no right to summon a person to attend and take his seat in the Senate or Haust Characteristics who we the retend and take his seat in the Senate or House of Representatives who, by the returns before them, was not Yoted for, or being voted for, was defeated, to summon one for whom no votes had been cast would be a deliberate violation of official duty; to summon those whom the returns show were not elected would be equally such a violation—either would be intruders without right into the Legislative body. The summons thon given would be void, as in excess of any powers conferred by the excess of any powers conferred by the Constitution; to grant this power the rights of the people to elect their officers

Questions 2, 3 and 4:—Answer,—The answered together. The answer to the first question covers much of the ground embraced by these questions. Holders of carbraced by these questions. Holders of summonses which are void, for reason that the Governor and Gonneli failed to correctly perform the constitutional obligation resting on them, have no right to take part in the organization, or in any subsequent proceedings of the House, to which they are wrongfully certificated. They are not in fact members, but the members rightfully elected, as shown by the official returns and the opinion of the Scourt, on a proposition heretofore submitted by the Governor, presented to the Court, are entitled to appear and act in the organization of the House to which they belong, unless the House and Senate in judging of election and qualification of members shall determine by contrary. A member without a summons

ture in that behalf. The balance of the membership. The House and Senate have message refers to the National finances, and favors the stopping of contraction and increase of the circulating medium; and is sons appear to have been elected, and mainly devoted to the exposition of the greenback financial policy as applied to our National currency.

THE STATE OFFICERS ELECTED.

THE STATE OFFICERS ELECTED. who appear for the purpose of composing their respective bodies. Under the facts recited in the statement submitted to us, we are of the opinion that Lewis Vater and associates of the first named in question third, were not entitled to act, and that Oyrus A. Thomas and associates named in question third were entitled to act, and the House as members, and that Daniel W. True and those first named in question fourth were not entitled to act, and Andrew Howes and others with him named were entitled to act, and Andrew Howes and others with him named were entitled to act, and Andrew Howes and others with him named were entitled to act as members of either branch in any number, the Senate. In neither case did the Senate or House itself act on the question of their membership. Both the Senate and House (meaning the bodies assembled to be organized as such), were debarred from any action thereon by the conduct of the presiding secretary and clerk. The assumption of such officers that no question can be entertained relative to the rights of persons whose names are not on the rolls furnished by the Secretary of State, but who were claimants of seats, was unwarrantable, the statutes of 1839, embodied in the Revised Statutes, C. H. 2, section 25, cannot the reduced of the president of the statutes of 1839, embodied in the Revised Statutes, C. H. 2, section 25, cannot there are no existing Governor and Council before whom they can be administed to act, and under the Constitution of either branch in any number, the statutes of 1839, embodied in the Revised Statutes, C. H. 2, section 25, cannot the reduced of a prescribed oaths were to be administed and completing the rolls of the secretary and clerk. Each the secretary of th

and qualification of its own members. It aims to control the action of each house within its Constitutional powers till after a full organization with the majority is determined and fixed by the Governor and council. [By their action

suit their own purpose, thus strangling and over-throwing the popular will, as honestly expressed by the ballot doctrine and over-throwing the popular will, as honestly expressed by the ballot doctrine. That the act gives to the executive department the power to rob the people of the Legislature they have chosen, and force upon them one to serve its own purposes, poisons the very fountains of legislation; tends to corrupt the legislative department of the government; it strikes a death blow at the heart of the popular government, and renders its foundation and great bulwark, the will of the people as expressed by the ballot, a farce. Each house has the same power, and is charged with the same duty to declare the election of its own members, and organize in any legitimate way as before the passage of that act.

Question 5: Answer—In the answers of January 3, 1880, this court held that in cases like those stated in this question, that it is the duty of the Governor and Council to hear the evidence and determine whether the record or various leaves.

mine whether the record or return is cor-rect, and if they determined the record to

lact we think their determination is con-clusive, subject, of course, to be reversed by the House. If, however, they should refuse to hear evidence and determine the question, and should by reason of such refusal issue summons to candidates not elected, the case would fall under the rule above stated.

vote on the motion to request the attendance of the Governor and Council for the purpose of administering an cath to be deemed of any importance. If the Governor and Council had appeared without a motion or vote their authority would have been the same. We therefore answer that qualifying oaths under the Constitution or statutes may be administed to ascertain and declare the results of

mending and completing the rolls of membership according to the facts. Each house has a constitutional right to organize itself. The form provided for aid and convenience in effecting the organization does not confer on the majistered. The oath is prescribed, for ing the organization does not confer on the majistrate by whom it is administered. The oath is prescribed, and its form the majistrate by whom it is administered. If there is no Governor and Council or being the organization of the majistrate by whom it is administered. If there is no Governor and Council or being a Governor and Council o

"the question is in the negative of the Senate is by virtue of such an election, and cannot become the acting Governor, because he is not the legal president of the Senate. If of twenty voting at such choice of the president of the Senate, eight did not appear to be elected by the official returns under the constitution and the decision of the court, and were not, in fact, elected, there was then no legal quorum and could be no valid election of the permanent officer, notwithstanding the eight had been summoned by the Governor and Council [without a legal quorum, and with those eight participating in the proceedings to the exclusion of those rightfully elected in their places, there could be no valid election of the President of the Senate. To proceed with the organization of the Senate without first determining and declaring its own membership, when attention was properly called to the feet that persons were present and estine feet that persons were present and estine ing and declaring its own membership, when attention was properly called to the fact that persons were present and acting without right, and the members were excluded, the Secretary refusing to entertain the motion for the correction of the roll, and retusing to allow an appeal from his ruling, and the Senate taking no action, although a protest was made, was illegal and void.

Oussigns 16 and 17 Apswer-Hader.

and void.

Questions 16 and 17: Answer—Under the letter of the Constitution it is at least doubtful whether the President of the Senate is required to take a new oath before exercising the office of Governor when that office has become vacant in the unner specified therein. The versities

and amajority of voies to elect Senators—that the decision met the necessities of the reply to the seventeenth until the decision method necessity. A sawe—It appears from the second apply, when a quorum is in conseasy. A sawe—It appears from the second apply, when a quorum of the senator of the second apply, when a quorum of the senator of the second organization formed and legal officers and voing in the House of Representative and by 10 members present and organization from the second organization from the second organization of the second organization formed and expension of the senator of the second organization or the second organization or the second organization organization formed and without legal officers or can either house, without a legal officers or can either house, without legal officers organized organization formed and organized, that has a more provide the second officers organized organization organized, the house of the provide until a legal organization house to provide penalties for search purpose, until the legal organization house to provide penalties for search purpose, until the legal organization house to provide penalties for search purpose, until the legal organization house to provide penalties for search purpose, until the legal organization house to provide penalties for search purpose, until the legal organization house to provide penalties for search purpose, until the legal organization house to provide penalties for search purpose, until the legal organization house to provide penalties for search purpose, until the legal organization house to provide penalti

to be taken and subscribed in the presence of the Objects of the Constitutional reence of the Governor and Council. By the quirement of a record of the vote be made
statute, R. S. O. 2, Sec. 23, the Olerk of the
preceding House shall preside quntil the
Representatives elect shall be qualified,
and elect a speaker; and if no quorum appear he shall preside, and the RepresentWhen such returns for Governor are
attives elect present shall adjourn from day
lost, concealed or inaccessible by accident lost, concealed or inaccessible by accident or fraud, the result of election may be asqualified and a speaker is elected. Thus certained by using a certificate of officials carefully nutrued, and it will be seen that while by statute the records mentioned in the question. Neith-clerk is to preside until a quorum shall appear and be qualified, it is not provided officers charged with making or custody of returns can be suffered to deleat that a less number than a quorum will of the people as expressed in the elec-

feat the right of the Legislature to ascertain and declare the results of the election. When the framers of our constitution have taken such pains to perpetuate the evidence of the votes cast, and guard that evidence against the effect, not only of accident but of human fallibility or peridity, it is not to be thrown away because the Secretary of State fails or is unable to comply with this direction. The constitution is to be construed when practicable in all parts, not so as to thwart but to advance its main object of continuance, and orderly conduct

cial to the Herald says the whole aspect of affairs has changed and that hopes of a peaceable solution of the dispute by the decision of the Supreme Court are blown to the winds by the attitude taken by the Fusionists to-night. Soon after the points of the decision were received from Bangor, the leading fusionists had a con-

sultation with Gov. Smith and his staff. and before 10 o'clock orders were issued revoking Gen. Chamberlain's commission as commander of the military forces, and guardian of the State property. This order was taken to General Chan berlain by Gens. Falsom and Black, of

the Governor's Staff. The General re plied that he would return his answer i the morning. Thus the matter rests. From what Chamberlain has said it is easy to infer what action he is likely to

take in the matter. Orders have been sent to the commanding officers of every military company in the State, signed by Joseph L. Smith, anyouneing that Chamberlain is relieved from command and directing them to obey no orders ex cept from Smith.

It is likely that Smith will neglect n neans to assert his authority. The Re publicans will be as little inclined to yield as their opponents. The position of Gen believed the affair will eventuate by neor to-morrow, but in what manner it is im possible to predict.

### ADDITIONAL LOCAL.

ROBBERY.—About 1:30 o'clock this morning a thief mashed one of the large panes of glass in the store room of John Roemer, corner of Main and Twenty-first streets, and snatching a bundle of dry goods valued at \$30, ran off, hotly pursued by Nightwatchmen Out and Wilcox, and also George Christlieb, who sleeps in the store. He was followed to the old Smith Brewery, on Seventeenth street, when he ran into the yard and disappeared. The robbery was a very bold one and successfully carried out. Detective St. Myers, of the police force, is working up the matter. ROBBERY.-About 1:30 o'clock this morn

the report

WASHINGTON, January 15.—Well informed Pennsylvanians, in this city do his log book.

The C. T. V. & W. railroad company are water tank in Kirkwood. or there is rapidly becoming a boomerang; in other words, that if things continue to go on as they have been going the last two weeks the Grant managers will fail of getting together a convention that will instruct. It is becoming apparatus the second of the committee on light, appointed by agor Robinson on last Tuesday evening, recommended thirty-nine lamps. They are in correspondence with several firms relative to the purchase of lamps, and as there is to be a special meeting of Council that will instruct. It is becoming apparatus the second of the committee on light, appointed by the committee of that will instruct. It is becoming apparent that the people there do not back up the leaders, a fact that called Senator Cameron home in considerable haste last week.

The second representative the considerable decide upon the subject, we may expect someting on home in considerable haste last week.

The second representative there is to be a special meeting of Odunciarity of the considerable decide upon the subject, we may expect someting to do decide upon the subject, we may expect someting to decide upon the subject, we may expect someting to decide upon the subject, we may expect someting to decide upon the subject week to consider and decide upon the subject week to consider and decide upon the subject, we may expect someting to decide upon the subject, we may expect someting to decide upon the subject, we may expect someting to decide upon the subject week to consider and decide upon the subject, we may expect someting to decide upon the subject week to consider and decide upon the subject, we may expect someting to decide upon the subject week to consider and decide upon the subject week to consider and decide upon the subject, we may expect someting to decide upon the subject week.

with Cameron, say that they know that in the Bethany fire-bug cases, took a no-

upon the scheme of running a candidate for President, and thev don't hesitate to say that their purpose is to nominate Gen. Butler. They claim that the Greenbackers and the laboring men will unite upon him, and that together they will poli a larger vote than anybody not in the secret of their organization and plans suspects. They have confidence that they will be able to throw the election into the House of Representatives, and that then they will be able to bring the Democrats to support Butler, and thus secure his election. of their organization and plans suspects. They have confidence that they will be able to throw the election into the House of Representatives, and that then they will be able to bring the Democrats to support Butler, and thus secure his election.

The way in which they talk of the matter indicates that the scheme has been carefully nurtured, and that a definite plan of operation has been agreed upon by the leaders.

New York, January 16. — Arrived: Steamer Greece, from London.

Steamer Greece, from London.

Rr. Green is in the seth year of this age.

The many friends of Captain Ed. Tait,
P.W. & Ky. R. R., at this place, are happened to the recent contest at Wheeling.

Miss Ann Cooper, for many years residing with Mr. Robert M. Wells, of this county, died this week of typhoid fever. She was buried at Warrenton, Ohio.

Mrs. Steam Hall, reliet of Sowell Hall, this place, died at the residence of her son, Alvin Hall, in Steubenville, Thursday. Interment here to-day.

G. B. C.

## NEIGHBORHOOD NEWS.

MARTIN'S PERRY.

Personal Mention—Accidents—A Straw on the Presidential Question. Alex. Wells and wife, of Newark, Ohio,

are visiting relatives here.

Miss Maggie McGavern, of Jefferson Pa., is visiting Mary Hobensack. Col. Geo. W. Mitchell, ot Portland, is in

isiting friends here.
Miss Lizzie Orr, of Holliday's Coye, W.

Va., is here in attendance on her sister, Miss Sallie Orr, who is lying seriously ill at the residence of her sister, Mrs. L. W. nglebright. Dr. H. Capehart, who was at Columbus

attending the inauguration ceremonies, arrived home yesterday.

The nailers at the Laughlin Mill, re-ceived on last Wednesday an advance of

The nailers at the Laughin Mill, received on last Wednesday an advance of
fourteen per cent.

The matter of a note on the \$30,000 for
this end of the Wheeling and Lake Erie
Railroad is beginning to wax warm. At
the last meeting held there was a great
deal of bad feeling exhibited.

Thomas Bearer, an employe at Helling's
coal work, met with a serious accident a
day or so ago by a premature discharge of
a blast he was putting into a bed of coal.
His face was badly burned by the powder,
and it will be difficult to save his eyesight.
Dr. S. B. Hobensack's attending him.
Alonzo Tanley, a boy working at
Rainey's mines, was badly injured this
week by a coal car running over him,
lacerating his arm and crushing bones. It
is feared that the arm will have to be
amputated. Dr. Hobensack is rendering
the required assistance.

It is becoming only general of late to.

amputated. Dr. Hobensack is rendering the required assistance.

It is becoming quite general of late to learn of the Republicans their preference as to candidates for the Presidency. The following is a list picked up in a general way, not going out of the way to secure men of any special preference.

Drennen, of the Ohio Valley News—Sherman

J. W. Hoyle-Sherman. W.S. Dilworth—Sherman.
Dr. Capehart—If the "Dema" go on with their bulldozing, its Grant, if they

eaist, Washburne,
C. R. King—Sherman.
Wilbur Baggs—Washburne or Sherman
S. F. Dean—Garfield or Sherman.
J. Linder—Blanns.
Capt. Abe Lash—Anybody but Grant.
J. T. Hanes—Garfield, Blaine. J. Dean—Anybody who can govern the

S. G. W. Morrison-Washburne, She L. Ebbert-Garfield.

G. LODERT—GATRIELD.

Rev. J. P. Thomas—Garfield, Blaine.

Col. G. W. Mitchell—Blaine.

Mayor Kerr—Blaine or Grant.

George Robinson—Hayes or anybody to

sat Grant. Grant.
N. Holliday—Blaine, Sherman.
r. West—Sherman, Blaine.
Waring—Sherman.
Hymes—Gen. Sherman.
W. Truxell—Grant.
W. Articld.

U. Moore—Bristow. C. Mitchell—Sherman. . Weirich—Blaine, Garffeld.

R. S. Moore—Blaine. Dr. G. H. Schadele—Hayes. Dr. B. O. Williams—Sherma

ocal Drift and Gossip—The Light Ques tion and Other Matters. Miss Ida Todd, the accomplished musi-

Milt. Harrison has been home, sick, for few days, Election of Board of Directors at Ætna

Election of Board of Directors at Æina Mill to-day, some Bridgeport Republicans seem to think that the canvas for Grant men, as reported in this paper on last Wednesday, was not thorough and complete. They are not for Grant, but still think there certainly must be some Republicans who are.

Charley Miller's opening was very quie Charley Miller's opening was very quiet and orderly. The average Bridgeport buster has been trained to behave himself, under the most trying circumstances, by Mayor Robinson and his efficient police. We remember a similar opening in town some years ago. The man opened and busted up in one brief evening.

El. Horner, who has been dangerously sick during the past two months, is walking around.

On last Monday evening, John James hired a hack, drove to his girl's home in

hired a hack, drove to his girl's home in Wheeling, took her in the hack and brough her to his mother's home in Kirk-wood, where they were quietly married. The old board of directors of the First National Bank, Bridgeport, were re-elected on lest Tuesday.

on last Tuesday.

Wm. Alexander purchased a fine new safe yesterday of Barnes & Co., Pittsburgh.

Dr. DuBois was in town this week with

that this opposition may not rule, because if we wait for gas it may be a long time coming, and coal oil lamps are better than none.

### WELLSRURG. Escape and Capture of one of the Witness

Wellsburg, January 16, 1880. Editors Intelligencer.

Thomas Wilson, who is held as a witness

tion on Thursday evening, when the ailor entered the cell with the supper for

jailor entered the cell with the supper for the prisoners, that he would jump the institution. He managed to get past the jailor and outside, and was not slow in increasing the distance between himself and the prison. Dr. W. K. Curtis, deputy sheriff, got after Tom in a little while, and found him in the village of Independence, Pennsylvania, seven miles distant. Tom was induced to return to his old quarters, and is now safely behind the bars.

Captain Eli Green, of this county, a veteran of the war of 1812, also Captain of a home company during the late rebellion, we are sorry to report, is quite low to from paralysis, with but little hope of his recovery. Mr. Green is in the 89th year of his age.